Resuscitation Order Changes: DNR to DNAR

Objectives

- Discuss the impact of change in terminology from DNR to DNAR.
- Compare the medical interventions for the different DNAR statuses.
- Provide examples of where to locate resuscitation status in the EMR.
- Describe how to access Advance Directives and POLST forms in the EMR.

Terminology Change from DNR TO DNAR

- In 2005, the American Heart Association changed the terminology from Do Not Resuscitate (DNR) to Do Not Attempt Resuscitation (DNAR).
- Mhat is the impact of the change in terminology?



- The addition of the word "attempt" softens the discussion and removes the implication that successful resuscitation is likely.
- Creates a supportive emotional environment to discuss end-of-life wishes.

Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation

- © CPR stands alone as the only intervention the patient must state explicitly they do not want.
- Every patient is a FULL CODE unless a DNAR order is clearly documented in the medical record.
- Resuscitation is a component of care to which all patients should have equitable access.
- 1991 Patient Self Determination Act
 - All Health care institutions are required to inform patients of their right to complete an Advanced Directive.
 - The purpose of the federal law is to ensure a patient's right to self-determination in healthcare decisions is protected.

Current Terminology Challenges

- poor communication with patients regarding DNR orders is common.
- 55 The patient and family have the misconception that the order means less care, less interventions for the patient.
- Family members making decisions about a patient's DNR status often feel guilty, confused and overwhelmed.
- A common misunderstanding patients and families have is that CPR will keep patients alive and living as they were before the event.

The new DNAR orders provide patients and families with more options and the clinical team with improved order clarity.

DNAR Treatment Options

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Code Status Treatment Option Detail

Resuscitation Status Order Options



DNAR/Full Care

Code Status	Clinical Goals	Interventions for Decline in Medical Status: Pulse present Breathing May have respiratory distress	Interventions for Cardiopulmonary Arrest
DNAR/Full Care	Prolonging life by all medically effective means up until need for CPR	 RRT Code Blue if patient has a pulse and needs intubation Fluids/Vasoactive medications for hypotension 	No CPR

In some cases, DNAR/Full Care may be a preliminary status for patients who do not want CPR until further discussion related to treatment options occurs.

DNAR/DNI

Code Status	Clinical Goals	Interventions for Decline in Medical Status: Pulse present Breathing May have respiratory distress	Interventions for Cardiopulmonary Arrest
DNAR/DNI	Prolonging life by potentially all medically effective means up until need for CPR and/or intubation	 RRT High flow/non-invasive BIPAP as appropriate Fluids/Vasoactive medications for hypotension 	No CPR or Intubation

If these treatment modalities do not stabilize the patient, next step is to **ensure comfort**

DNAR/Comfort

Code Status	Clinical Goals	Interventions for Decline in Medical Status: Pulse present Breathing May have respiratory distress	Interventions for Cardiac Respiratory Arrest
DNAR/Comfort	Primary goal of maximizing patient comfort if condition worsens Relieve pain and suffering with medication	 Use oxygen Medications to ensure comfort For distress related to airway obstruction utilize brief suctioning and head/body repositioning to ensure comfort 	No CPR or Intubation

Resuscitation Status Order Entry

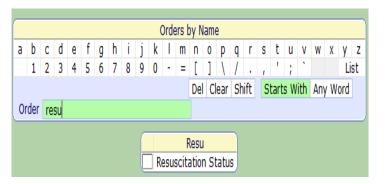
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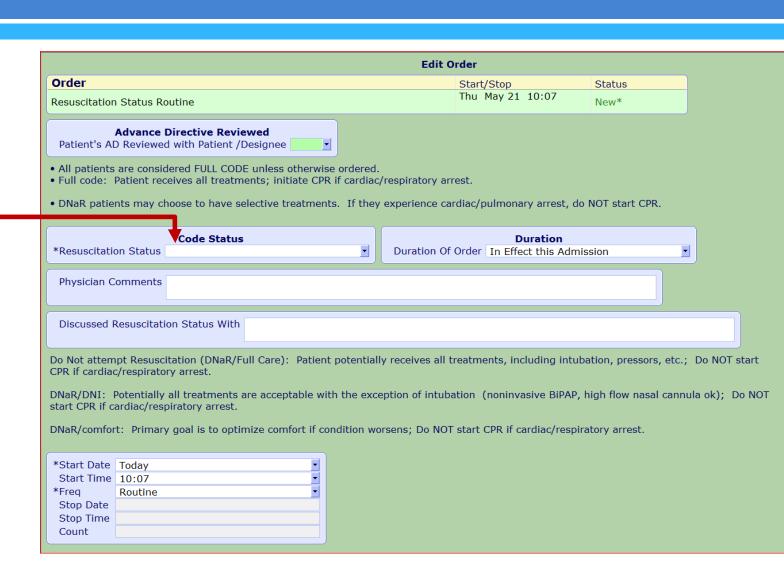
Review Order Entry Changes in Meditech

Resuscitation Order Entry in Meditech

 DNAR guidelines text is provided at the bottom of the screen for reference.

 A text box for Physician Comments for preferences if appropriate. Name Full Code DNaR/Full Care DNaR/DNI DNaR/Comfort





Resuscitation Order Detail in Meditech

The Patient Header displays the Code Status in red.

 DNaR/Comfort

H00015687

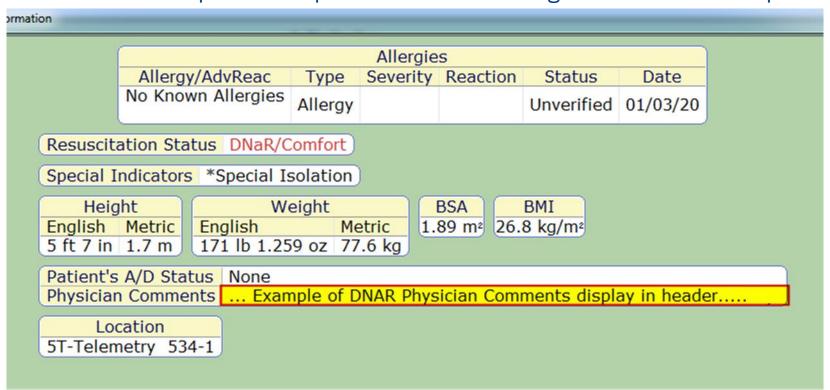
H0012963 E00003042

1.7m 77.6kg BSA:1.89m² BMI:26.8kg/m² Allergy/Adv: No Known Allergies

The



in the Patient Header provides important details including selective treatment preferences.



Policy Review

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Key Highlights from Policies Impacting DNAR

Key Policies Impacting DNAR

Policy Number and Name	Key Points	
Advance Directives #448	 Assessment of status upon admission to inpatient setting and some outpatient settings May refer to Social Services if patient requests more information 	
Physician Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment (POLST) Procedure #1990	 If patient has POLST, RN confirms with patient/surrogate and communicates presence of POLST to Provider (ED/Inpatient) Label on Chart Original copy to be sent home/any other discharge destination with patient 	
Care of the Palliative Care Patient #5769	 Palliative care utilized at any stage of serious illness to optimize quality of life The Palliative Care Team provides support in pain and symptom management including shortness of breath, fatigue, constipation, nausea, loss of appetite, and problems with sleep 	
Care of the Patient at End of Life #5849	 Purpose to guide staff in providing high standards of care for patients at the end of life Manage pain and other physiological/psychological symptoms effectively 	
Withdrawing Life-Sustaining Treatment and Withholding Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation #908	The provider obtaining consent for invasive/surgical procedures discusses suspension of DNAR orders during procedure with patient and documents decision-making process in the medical record	
Color-Coded Wristband Use #2641	 Purple wristbands are used to identify patients with a DNAR status Patients should be asked to remove social cause wristbands while receiving services in patient care areas to avoid potential confusion 	

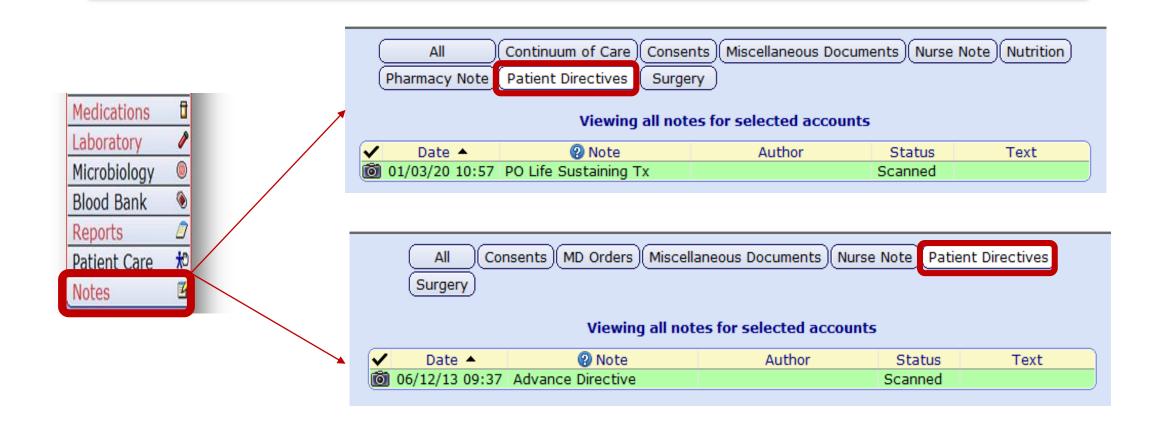
Advance Directives and POLST

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Description of Where Forms Display in the EMR

Advance Directives/POLST in Notes

Check the EMR for pre-existing scanned forms under the Patient Directives button.



REFERENCES

- SVMH Policy 286 Patient Identification Policy 08/04/2014
- SVMH Policy 2641 Color Coded Wristband Use 06/09/2016
- SVMH Policy 5849 Care of the Patient at End of Life 03/23/2018
- so SVMH Policy 5769 Care of the Palliative Care Patient 07/22/2014
- SVMH Policy 1990 Physician Orders for Life Sustaining Treatment (POLST) Procedure 02/28/2017
- Symh Policy 448 Advanced Directives 08/25/2017
- SVMH Policy 908 Withdrawing Life-Sustaining Treatment and withholding Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation 09/04/2014
- Yuen, J., Reid, M. C., & Fetters, M. (Jul 2011) Hospital Do-Not-Resuscitate Orders: Why They Have Failed and How to Fix Them. Journal of Internal Medicine. 26(7), 791-797
- Lachman, V. (Jul/Aug 2010) Do-Not-Resuscitate Orders: Nurse's Role Requires Moral Courage. Medsurg Nursing Vol 19, No 4
- Breault, J. (2011). DNR, DNAR and AND? Is Language Important? The Ochsner Journal 11:302-306
- Blair, H. (2016). A Reasoned Argument for the Demise of the "Do Not Resuscitate" Order. Annals of Palliative Care Medicine. 5:(4), 303-307.